1		CLERIC
		2:11 pm, Jan 24, 2020 U.S. DISTRICT COURT
1		STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK N DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
2	LASTER	N DIDIKICI OF NEW TORK
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4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	: : 13-CR-00607 (JFB)
5	V.	: 100 Federal Plaza
6	KENNER, et al.,	: Central Islip, New York
7	Defendants.	. January 22, 2020
8		· X
9	TRANSCRIDT OF CRIMIN	NAL CAUSE FOR STATUS CONFERENCE
10	BEFORE THE HO	NORABLE JOSEPH F. BIANCO FATES VISITING JUDGE
11	APPEARANCES:	THE VIETIMO CODE
12	For the Government:	MATTHEW HAGGANS, ESQ.
13		U.S. Attorney's Office, EDNY 271 Cadman Plaza East
14		Brooklyn, New York 11201
15		MADELINE M. O'CONNOR, ESQ. DIANE C. LEONARDO-BECKMANN, ESQ.
16		U.S. Attorney's Office, EDNY 610 Federal Plaza, 5th Floor
17		Central Islip, New York 11722
18	For Himself:	PHILLIP A. KENNER, <i>Pro Se</i> No. 07480-408
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20		PO Box 329001 Brooklyn, New York 11232
21	As Stand-By Counsel for	MATTHEW W. BRISSENDEN, ESQ.
22	Phillip Kenner:	Matthew W. Brissenden, P.C. 666 Old Country Road
23		Suite #501 Garden City, New York 11530
24		
25		
	Proceedings recorded by el produced by transcription	ectronic sound recording, transcript service.

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3	APPEARANCES: (Continued)		
4	For Tommy C. Constantine:	CANEODD TAIKEN ECO	
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    (Proceedings began at 1:21 p.m.)
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              THE CLERK: Criminal cause for a status conference
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    in 13-CR-00607, United States of America v. Phillip Kenner,
    Tommy Constantine. Counsel, please state your appearances for
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    the record.
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              MR. HAGGANS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Matthew
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   Haggans for the United States. I'm joined today by AUSAs
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   Maddy O'Connor and Diane Leonardo. I'm also -- excuse me,
   Diane Beckmann. I'm also joined by Special Agent Matthew
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    Galiado [ph.]. And behalf of AUSA Komatiereddy, who could not
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    be here today -- she's preparing for trial -- I wanted to let
    the Court know that she's unfortunately unavailable.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon.
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              MR. HAGGANS:
                            Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Good afternoon to all of you.
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              MR. TALKEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Sam Talken
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    for Mr. Constantine, who's seated to my left.
              THE COURT: Yes, good afternoon. Good afternoon,
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   Mr. Constantine.
              MR. CONSTANTINE: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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              MR. KENNER: And good afternoon, Your Honor. Phil
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    Kenner, pro se defendant with stand-by counsel Matthew
    Brissenden.
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              THE COURT: Good afternoon, Mr. Kenner; good
   afternoon, Mr. Brissenden.
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4 MR. BRISSENDEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 1 THE COURT: As you know, this is a status conference 2 oral argument that I've scheduled in connection with the 3 4 outstanding issues, so I'm just going to tell you what I hope 5 to accomplish today. Obviously, we had some additional briefing on the forfeiture issue, which I had requested. I 6 7 also received under seal today the Government provided a copy of the appraisal and I appreciate the Government getting that 8 done as I had requested prior to this conference. So I wanted 9 10 to discuss the forfeiture issue and then the other reason is 11 for both sides to highlight anything they want to highlight from the objections to the PSR. So that was my plan. 12 I think because I know there are people here who are 13 here for the forfeiture. As I usually do, I'll start with the 14 forfeiture. I just want to note, the Government submitted the 15 16 appraisal under seal ex parte and put in a letter that they do 17 not intend to disclose the appraisal to the parties or any 18 third party, correct? MS. O'CONNOR: That's correct, Your Honor. 19 20 THE COURT: I -- I just want to emphasize because I did receive it and obviously I strongly urged the Government 21 to have that appraisal and to get it done quickly. And I'm 22 23 assuming that I'm going to get a request from the defendants 24 to get a copy of that appraisal. But I don't believe it --25 they really didn't need to submit it to me because it has no

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5 bearing on the legal question regarding the forfeiture of the In other words, the property is either forfeitable or it's not forfeitable based upon the evidence that the Government presented. The issue is that the value of the property really was just a matter of prosecutorial discretion. words, if the property is forfeitable under the law if there was not sufficient equity in the property to make it beneficial to the Government to pursue it because of all the collateral consequences that various lawyers and parties have been suggesting would happen from the forfeiture of the property, economic consequences to innocent third parties, this obviously has been something that the Court has continued to urge the Government to look at. They revised the orders even further to try to minimize those risks and the various concerns that parties have raised and that the Court has raised with the Government and I'm glad to see that they did that. But with respect to the appraisal, it has -- it has no bearing. So there's no reason for me to require the Government to disclose that to anybody. I would just note I don't think the Government has any issue with me disclosing the fact that the -- that by virtue of the appraisal that the

So the Government's purpose in providing it to me is to show

equity in the property exceeds what the bank would be owed.

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    that based upon their appraisal they believe that there is
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   money that can be recovered. But in terms of the amounts,
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    again there's no -- I don't think it has any legal bearing.
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    So -- but if anyone -- if anyone wants to be heard on that
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    issue, Mr. Talken, I -- before I hear from the lawyers I'm
    just --
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              MR. TALKEN: Your Honor, I don't need specifics from
    our point of view. You know clearly what our position is as
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    far as who gets it and --
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. TALKEN: The only issue we have is it's
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    important that there is equity that exceeds the bank amount
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    because that means there is money available to the victims of
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    these crimes and that's something that we'll take up at the --
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    when we actually do the sentencing and deal with 3553(a)
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    factors.
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                         Okay. Mr. Kenner.
              THE COURT:
              MR. KENNER: Well, Your Honor, I just wanted to
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    point out to the Court that in the Government's submission at
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    ECF 780, Page 6 at Footnote 2, that based on our conversation
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    in the last hearing on December 6 --
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              THE COURT: Hold on a second. Can you just move
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    over a little bit so I can -- that's okay. Go ahead.
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              MR. KENNER:
                           Thank you. Based on the Government's
    submission, ECF 780 at Page 6, Footnote 2, the Government has
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7 effectively conceded that the only traceable funds from this case that went to Ken Jowdy and Diamonte [ph.] or any Diamonte entity was the \$350,000 that I had told the Court that originated with Owen Nolan and that Mr. Jowdy had, in fact, settled for back in '08. I know there was some colloquy about whether or not the agreement had any relative nature or if there was an agreement at all between Mr. Jowdy and Mr. Nolan. And on that same Page 6 at ECF 780 the Government in very selective language said there wasn't a specific language agreement, as I had suggested. Now, again I'm just speaking from what I was told ten years ago during our arbitration. But what I was able to find, and you'll find it in my ECF submission 790, Exhibit A, on Page 5 of this -- of the exhibit,.= is language that confirms that Mr. Nolan did have a separate agreement with Mr. Jowdy where it says: "Whereas, plaintiff's counsel and the parties have made aware that Ethan Monroe, Owen Nolan and Joe Juno [ph.], all of whom were also Kenner clients, never filed or participated in any Kenner initiated legal proceedings and complaints against Jowdy or any Jowdy controlled entities; and (b) entered into prior separate settlement agreements with Jowdy and/or Jowdy-related entities as the result of our litigation." THE COURT: Well, again, settlement agreements are a

different issue that I don't -- I want to stay focused on this

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    issue regarding the resort. And again, I -- what footnote are
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   you referring to?
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              MR. KENNER: On -- the Government -- I believe it
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   was the Government's submission 780.
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              THE COURT: What -- yeah.
              MR. KENNER: Page 6. I believe it was Footnote 2.
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    And what they're basically --
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              THE COURT:
                          I don't -- I don't -- and the Government
    can correct me if I'm wrong -- I don't believe the Government
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   has conceded that only $350,000 of the victim's money went to
                 I don't know where that's coming from.
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    the resort.
              MS. O'CONNOR: We do not concede that.
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              THE COURT: Yeah, I don't -- that doesn't say that
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    on Page 6. I have Page 6 in front of me. All the footnote
    talks about is regarding the money judgment. Doesn't even
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16
    have an amount. So --
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              MR. HAGGANS: The money judgment, Your Honor, the --
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    that language I believe is related to -- if I may just find
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    it -- it was the -- during the December 6 transcript at
    Page 19 and 20, I had told the Court that the Government did
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    trace all of the money in this case that had gone to Mr. Jowdy
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    or any Jowdy --
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              THE COURT: Let me just ask. Then what's -- I don't
   know if you have this num -- what's the Government's position
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    regarding how much money went to Mr. Jowdy or the victim's
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   money approximately?
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              MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, I wouldn't be able to say
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    offhand, but the Government's position is, is it's ultimately
    irrelevant because the Government is seeking forfeiture of the
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   resort in its entirety.
              THE COURT: I know. I understand that, but I
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    just -- I don't want to get into a dispute about how much it
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         But at least my memory is it's significantly -- right,
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   more than $350,000?
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              MS. O'CONNOR: In the overall scheme it would be a
   minimal amount.
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                         All right.
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              THE COURT:
              MR. KENNER: Your Honor, with the Government during
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    the forfeiture hearings Mr. Wayne had submitted while on the
    stand Government forfeiture of 36 which traced all of the
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   money that went to the Cabo San Lucas resort and that was a
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    total of $350,000.
              THE COURT:
                          Oh, I'll look at the issue again,
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   Mr. Kenner, but the Government is correct. It's -- the law is
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    that it's still forfeitable. There's no threshold amount that
   must be met in order for the -- if the money goes into the
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   property such as that, the law is that the property is
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    forfeitable regardless of the amount.
              So I'll go back and I'll look at it, but ultimately
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    it doesn't affect legal analysis. All right? But -- go
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    ahead.
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              MR. KENNER: Yes, Your Honor. My point was that the
    $350,000 went to Mr. Jowdy and he utilized it for his LLC.
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    The funds were never ill-gotten for My Baja Ventures 2006,
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    which my two partners had put all the money into that deal and
   no money went to CSL Properties, the other investors --
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              THE COURT:
                          All right.
              MR. KENNER: -- entities. And that was through the
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   Government's own money tracing.
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              THE COURT: All right. I'll go back and look at it,
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    Mr. Kenner, okay?
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              MR. KENNER: Yes, sir, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Let me just -- I know the lawyers for
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    the bank and other entities are back there, so I'll allow them
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    to be heard. Just state your name so we have it for the
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    record.
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              MR. CANSTALVERIS: George Can --
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              THE COURT: Just pull the mic up.
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              MR. CANSTALVERIS: Yep. George Canstalveris [ph.]
    of Venerable for Danske Bank. Your Honor, again, it's
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    unfortunate that the Government is unwilling to share the
    appraisal with us. It is what it is. We would hope that we'd
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   be able to work with them. You know, we think that the law is
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    what you've said it is. I mean, at the end of the day it's
    the Government pursuing this forfeiture. But pursuant to
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11 their own quidance they have to take into account the net equity value of the resort including the expenses that would be anticipated and going forward with however they proceed, whether it's an interlocutory sale or any other way they intend to pull value from the resort. So for us obviously it's really important as to what that value is, whether it's worth going through this continued process that frankly has just taken a lot of time. And, you know, we urge the Court to again urge the Government to sit down with us and have a conversation as to what's next. haven't heard what's next. We've heard forfeiture of the resort but what does that mean in practicalities. THE COURT: Well, I -- yeah, it's up to them whether they want to share the appraisal. I don't even know what their thinking is on that. I would think if they're trying to resolve the matter with the bank that that would be an important thing to share. And I know in the past at least the bank has said that it would be willing to offer a certain amount of money to try to resolve it. I don't know whether the -- you know, now that the Government has the appraisal, has a better sense what might be obtained overall from an interlocutory sale where that's something, they can go back to now with the bank. But my -- a lot of what I hope to accomplish I think has been accomplished in terms of the

wording of the order. They have the appraisal in hand so a

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    lot of the concerns -- I mean, obviously I know there are
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    concerns in general, but in terms of there being this big
    delay where nothing is going to happen, I don't think we're in
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    that position any longer. My hope would be that when the
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    Court enters a preliminary forfeiture order, which I hope to
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   be soon, I won't deal with the money judgment part of it, but
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    that the Government will immediately sit down with you and the
    other interested parties and try to figure out what makes
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    sense under their own guidance for the victims and for
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    innocent third parties. That would be my hope and obviously
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    I'll be supervising it. Okay?
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              MR. CANSTALVERIS: Thank you, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. YOLINSKY: Your Honor, good afternoon.
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    Yolinsky [ph.].
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              THE COURT: Yes, good afternoon, Mr. Yolinsky.
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              MR. YOLINSKY: At this point I think there are about
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    400 million dollars of property owners who I'm not their
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    lawyer but they've asked me to appear today and -- but I'm
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    speaking for myself.
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              Frankly, I'm really surprised that the Government
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    hasn't agreed to share the appraisal. I thought that was a
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    given that in order to move the ball forward everyone would
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    get a chance to see -- at least interested parties would get a
    chance to see it.
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And the reason why it's important to see it is because we -- we, speaking for myself and the other homeowners, we need to know whether we're talking about a dollar of equity or a meaningful amount of equity. If it's a dollar or even ten million dollars, when you factor in the sales commission and the fact that the property is going to go cash flow negative starting this May, there may not be equity

and that's a really important issue for us.

I think, Your Honor, once you entered this order of forfeiture we're heading into a sales process that in the best of circumstances is going to take a year and probably is going to take 18 months to sell property of this magnitude and this property is going to go cash flow negative in that time frame with no assurance that it's -- with no source of funds to keep it running and that really hurts the homeowners. So, Your Honor, just to say that there is equity without giving a sense of the amount of equity is really extremely unsatisfying to us.

The other thing that has not been discussed is the basis for the appraisal. I advised the Court in a prior letter that the homeowners were planning to have a homeowners' association meeting to adopt a resolution, which we then did limiting the development of the property to the existing master plan. If the appraisal was done on some other basis then we believe the appraisal is invalid. And frankly, if it

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14 was done on some other basis we're going to -- we may feel that we need to institute litigation in Mexico, which is again counterproductive to everything Your Honor is trying to accomplish. What should come out of this process is some resolution, not continued -- not another front of litigation in Mexico which, you know, to protect our interests, as Your Honor really correctly pointed out, we would have to do. So the idea that this is going to go forward in secrecy without people having some assurance that there really is a there -- there is -- is very dissatisfying. And I hope Your Honor -- I understand the legal parameters that guide Your Honor, but I hope as an equity and practical matter Your Honor will prevail on the Government to disclose the appraisal to the people who are directly affected by it and that's my --Thank you, Your Honor. my request. THE COURT: All right. Again, I -- there's no legal basis for me to require the Government to disclose that appraisal. I understand what you've said but for purposes of today I hope the Government will take what they've heard and consider it. And, you know, as I said, when this preliminary order gets entered I plan to keep this on a very tight rein to make sure that these issues are resolved as quickly as possible. At some point I may ask the Government -- I'm not going to ask them to do that today because they just got this

appraisal -- to articulate to me, you know, what the basis is

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15 for not -- in an effort to try to resolve this not sharing it, but I'm not going to get into that today. All right. MR. YOLINSKY: Thank you. THE COURT: Thank you. All right. Is there any other issues with respect to the resort? MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, the Government would like to address something Mr. Yolinsky just mentioned. He filed a letter with the Court in December stating that he and the other homeowners took steps to adopt a resolution limiting the authority of the administrating beach estate condominium to prove any modification to the resort's master plan. Mr. Yolinsky further emailed the Government's appraiser without seeking the Government's permission to do so to instruct the appraiser to consider the impact of the resolution when performing an appraisal in determining the value of the resort. The Government views these actions as a direct violation of the protective order. As Mr. Yolinsky has admitted to the Court, what he wants is something he was never guaranteed. He cannot be permitted to effect the value of the resort now in contravention of the protective order by adopting a resolution or taking other similar action. So we would request the Court to direct Mr. Yolinsky to remedy the situation at once and cease taking action and perhaps value the resort and impedes and instructs the forfeiture in this

16 1 case. 2 MR. YOLINSKY: At the last conference I specifically said that the -- that the homeowners were concerned if the 3 master plan was in jeopardy. Your Honor said, "Don't you have 4 rights?" and I said we had -- I had a call scheduled that 5 afternoon with Mexican counsel and we were going to proceed to 6 7 explore to protect our rights, which we have done in Mexico. Your Honor invited, encouraged us to take steps to protect the 8 master plan which is what the homeowners have done. 9 THE COURT: Well, I don't -- "inviting," "encourage" 10 I think would be a little bit strong, but certainly to the 11 12 extent the Government is arguing that this was a violation of 13 the protective order, I -- there was no discussion of that. 14 This did come up. Mr. Yolinsky I think was clear about what 15 he was going to try to do at the last conference and if the 16 Government believed -- it didn't occur to me that that could be a violation of the protective order and if the Government 17 believed that, certainly --18 19 MR. YOLINSKY: And, Your Honor, just -- you know, I 20 really --21 THE COURT: I'm not saying it is a violation of the order. But I'm saying they didn't --22 23 MR. YOLINSKY: Your Honor, I really take umbrage at 24 this because before the homeowners meeting took place I wrote 25 a letter advising that was in the works.

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              THE COURT: I understand that.
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              MR. YOLINSKY: And no one said at that time --
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              THE COURT: All right. But the bottom line is --
              MR. YOLINSKY: -- that we were proceeding in
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   violation --
              THE COURT: -- there's nothing going on right now.
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    This resolution was passed?
              MR. YOLINSKY: Resolution was passed.
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              THE COURT: All right. So --
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              MR. YOLINSKY: But, Your Honor, I want to be clear.
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    We decided to institute litigation in Mexico to im -- to
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    protect the action it took.
              THE COURT: No, no. What it -- I want to make
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            Instituting litigation to try to protect your rights
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    is not a violation of the protective order, okay?
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              MR. YOLINSKY: Thank you. Good.
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              THE COURT: That's not happening. All right.
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    again, this just highlights what I've been saying all along to
    everybody involved including the Government that the best
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    thing that can be done once the Court enters this order is to
    sit down with all the interested parties because having
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    litigation with the homeowners, you know, having a sale taking
    18 months I don't think is in anybody's interests.
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              So again, I'm assuming the Government is going to
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    act in a prudent and wise manner but obviously provides in the
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    whole process, all right?
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              MR. YOLINSKY: Thank you.
              THE COURT: All right. I -- do you want
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    to talk about the money judgment part of it? And I did
   receive the Government's December 20th letter and Mr. Kenner
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    and Mr. Talken responded to that. And the Government didn't
   put a reply in, so I do want the Government to address
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   Mr. Talken's letter because he makes certain statements
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    regarding what the Government is acknowledging or not
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    acknowledging and I just want to get the Government's position
    with respect to that. Do you want me to ask questions or do
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   you want to address it first?
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              MS. O'CONNOR: We're happy to address any questions
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    you have, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Well, he says, for example, in the
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    beginning of the letter the Government is tacitly
    acknowledging by your submission that <a href="Honeycutt">Honeycutt</a> applies to
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   money laundering forfeiture under 982(a)(1). And he cites in
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    a footnote other cases for the Government under 981(a)(1)(C)
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    apparently is conceding that -- in cases before the circuit.
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    So I just want to make sure I understand what the Government's
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    current position is with regard to the application of
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    <u>Honeycutt</u> to 982(a)(1).
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              MS. O'CONNOR: The Government's position is that
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19 Honeycutt does not apply to a money laundering forfeiture statute, Your Honor. We never argued that it did. position has --THE COURT: Well --MS. O'CONNOR: -- always been that the laundering forfeiture statute is very different from the forfeiture statute that was addressed in Honeycutt. THE COURT: Well, I think he's arguing that because the Government is now incorporating parts of Tanner, which in terms of the joint several liability issue and also because he says that Tanner also involved money laundering as -- in addition to fraud that somehow Tanner and the Government's application of Tanner here somehow is some type of tacit acknowledgment. So I don't know if you want to address that. MS. O'CONNOR: Yes, Your Honor. The Second Circuit in <u>Tanner</u> did address the money laundering statute and forfeiture, but the courts merely stated that there are two things to note when criminal proceeds result from money laundering offenses under 1956. The court has said: "The court in imposing sentence on a person convicted of an offense in violation of Section 1956 shall order that the person forfeit to the United States any property real or personal involved in such offense; (2) a defendant who acted merely as an intermediary but no longer possesses the property acquired as a result of

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money laundering may be required to forfeit substitute property, but only if the defendant conducted three or more separate transactions involving a total of \$100,000 or more in a 12-month period."

And this is addressed by the Government during oral argument in its reply brief. The court in Tanner then stated:

"In that case the defendant Davenport was an active participant in the unlawful activity that his money laundering was designed to conceal rather than a mere intermediary in the money laundering scheme. But even if he fell into the intermediary category of 982(b)(2), that provision safe harbor would not extend to him because the evidence showed that he wired a total of 9.7 million in four separate transactions within a year."

So the Government's argument is very similar. In this case both defendants were not mere intermediaries. They were the masterminds of the money laundering conspiracy. They should be held liable for the full amount.

The 1956 -- the money laundering forfeiture statute is very different because it -- it addresses the concerns that Honeycutt had -- the court in Honeycutt had regarding forfeiture of proceeds. It already provides a safe harbor for the intermediary, which neither of these defendants are in this case.

So it's the Government's position that both

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defendants are liable for the full amount of the forfeiture
under the money laundering statute and that Honeycutt is
inapplicable.
          THE COURT: Well, let me just go back to this issue
because Mister -- I'll hear from Mr. Talken in a minute, but
in his response he took issue with the idea that
Mr. Constantine was the mastermind of all aspects of the
schemes that were at issue here. And specifically, you know,
the Government is seeking about 20 million dollars in
forfeiture against Mr. Constantine and Mr. Kenner. But in
properties that -- I think the Government concedes that
Mr. Constantine had nothing to do with and I think the
Government can see there's no indication that any knowledge --
I'm talking about Freylies [ph.], the Key Palm units, Del Mar,
Mar Palm units, the Peca Palm units. I don't think there's
any evidence they had any involvement in those or had any
knowledge of those, right?
          MS. O'CONNOR: No, Your Honor. In fact, we say the
opposite. The forfeiture the Government is seeking relates to
the three frauds that were proven at trial: the Hawaii
investment fraud; the Global Settlement Fund -- fraud; and the
Euphoria fraud. All of the proceeds that the Government
traced were generated by these three frauds. The fact that
the Government traced pro --
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              THE COURT: Well, first of all, I have to stop you,
1
2
    okay, because at the trial the Government specifically said
   Mr. Kenner has been focused on this in many of his submissions
 3
    and it's 100 percent true that those properties came up during
 4
    the trial and Mr. Miskieweicz -- I think it was a sidebar, but
 5
    I remember this specifically, even though it was many years
 6
    ago -- I said, "Is the Government trying to prove the fraud
 7
    with respect to these?" and he said, "No, we're not seeking."
 8
              So that -- when you say that fraud --
 9
10
   Mr. Miskieweicz specifically said, "Judge, we're not
11
    attempting to prove that the investors were defrauded with
12
    respect to Freylies, with respect to the Palm units or with
    respect to Del Mar, so I don't know why you're saying that
13
14
    when the Government took a different position during the case.
15
              MS. O'CONNOR: Yes, Your Honor, the Government is
    not trying to prove any of these frauds, but the Government is
16
17
    trying --
18
                          Then why are you calling them frauds?
              THE COURT:
              MS. O'CONNOR: Because that's the language that was
19
20
    used in their opposition papers.
21
              THE COURT:
                          So what --
22
              MS. O'CONNOR:
                             The point the Government is making is
23
    that there were the three frauds at trial and the Government
24
    traced the proceeds generated by those frauds to numerous
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23
   properties including Freylies, Del Mar and the lines of credit
1
   were involved, so --
 2
                         Okay. So it's basically by virtue of
 3
              THE COURT:
4
    the lines of credit that you're saying under money laundering,
 5
    not fraud, right, or is it -- are you operating on the money
 6
    laundering here or are you operating on the fraud?
 7
              MS. O'CONNOR: We're tracing the proceeds from the
    Hawaii -- and mainly for these properties the Hawaiian
 8
 9
    investment fraud. For example, for Freylies --
10
              THE COURT: No, let's focus on Mr. Constantine for a
             What evidence is there that Mr. Constantine knew with
11
    respect to Hawaii, okay? Obviously there's -- you can correct
12
13
    me if I'm wrong -- I think it was one million dollars he
14
    received. He's shaking his head no. One million dollars that
15
    the Government says he shouldn't have received that were
    victims with respect to Hawaii and then there's the Centrum
16
17
    [ph.] loan and the urban expansion loan wherein the Government
    is saying he received money for both of those things as well.
18
19
    Right?
20
              MS. O'CONNOR: Yes, Your Honor. Your -- the
21
    Government's position is that Constantine by virtue of his
2.2
    role as a co-conspirator in these -- in the conspiracy, the
    wire fraud conspiracy, he is liable for the full amount of
23
24
    proceeds generated by the frauds. And Your Honor found --
25
              THE COURT: What evidence is there that
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24
   Mr. Constantine knew beyond what I just talked about, beyond
1
   his involvement in the Centrum loan, the urban expansion loan,
 2
    and the one million dollars he received, what evidence is
 3
    there that he knew anything about any of the other lines of
 4
 5
    credit or what Mr. Kenner was doing with anything else related
    to the lines of credit, other than those three things? What
 6
    evidence is there of that?
 7
              MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, Rule 29 and 33 decision
 8
 9
    found in so many words that Constantine was the mastermind of
10
    the three frauds that were proven at trial. To quote, Your
    Honor, the witness's testimony and documentary evidence
11
    adduced at trial sufficient established that Constantine
12
13
    agreed with Kenner to participate in all of the objects of the
14
    conspiracy.
                          I know but, first of all, I didn't hear
15
              THE COURT:
16
    the word "mastermind" in there. Did I use the word
17
    "mastermind"?
              MS. O'CONNOR: Not that exact phrase, Your Honor.
18
19
              THE COURT: Okay. Then what I was --
20
              MS. O'CONNOR:
                             Right.
21
              THE COURT: -- talking about there were the
   particular things that I just talked about. I made a ruling
22
    that Mr. Constantine was involved in all three of the frauds:
23
    GSF fraud, the Euphoria fraud, and the Hawaii fraud. But I
24
25
    didn't make a ruling -- I did not make a ruling that
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25 1 Mr. Constantine was involved in or knew every aspect of what was going on with respect to the lines of credit and the 2 Hawaii money. I didn't make any ruling on that. That 3 wasn't -- the jury didn't have to find, in fact, that it 4 wasn't even offered to them. There's no argument made to them 5 that Mr. Constantine knew about all the lines of credit and 6 7 all the monies that were going. That argument wasn't even made because there's no evidence of that. And that's what I'm 8 9 asking you and you haven't pointed to any evidence by any witness or any document that Mr. Constantine was aware of all 10 the lines of credit. 11 12 So you're saying he was the mastermind of this --13 what would amount to the victims' lines of credit is six 14 million dollars, 6.2 million dollars. And then all those other properties that I just told you about where -- where 15 16 parts of the lines of credit went, that he's responsible for 17 all those things even though there's not any evidence that Mr. Constantine had any knowledge of the existence of those 18 19 investments or the lines of credit that funded those 20 investments, and I find that remarkable. That was my whole 21 point in asking the Government to brief this issue and all I 22 got back was he's a mastermind of the whole thing with no 23 cites to the record. So I'm persuaded that there's any evidence that 24 Mr. Constantine knew about all these other lines of credit and 25

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all the money that went to those properties. And I'm
unpersuaded that that should be something that he should be --
a forfeiture money judgment as having been either involved in
for purposes of money laundering or for purposes of fraud.
remain unconvinced, but I'm giving you an opportunity to
explain to me what evidence I'm missing.
          MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, the Government's position
is based on the law which finds that the Government does not
have to show that Constantine obtained every penny personally.
Because he was -- he played in Your Honor's exact terminology,
an integral role in the Hawaii fraud. He encountered --
          THE COURT: But in only one aspect of the Hawaii
        That's the whole -- the whole point. I understand.
I'm not holding you that he had to have personally obtained
     I'm holding you to that he had to -- he had to know of
it.
its existence. He had to know of its existence. How could he
be held responsible for proceeds, be it money laundering or
fraud, when the Government has no evidence that he even knew
of the existence of the money?
          MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, the courts don't require
the Government to show every dollar was seen -- was known by
him or obtained by him personally.
                     I -- you keep repeating that.
          THE COURT:
                                                     I'm not
arguing with you about that. I'm not saying he had to obtain
it personally. He has to know that Mr. Kenner had the money
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27 and was doing something with that money, either from a fraud 1 2 standpoint or money laundering standpoint, right? MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, the Government doesn't 3 have to show that he knew about every specific dollar. 4 hypothetical by the -- the Supreme Court's hypothetical in 5 Honeycutt discusses a hypothetical farmer mastermind who uses 6 7 low-level individuals to obtain money. The farmer himself doesn't actually acquire that money. He uses his low-level 8 9 individuals in the conspiracy to obtain the money. 10 It's a similar concept here. The court wouldn't 11 require the Government to show that every person retained money on behalf of the farmer, that the farmer knew that 12 occurred. This is a large scheme over several years in which 13 14 the two defendants worked together. The scheme was well 15 known. He was -- they participated together --16 THE COURT: What point to the record the Government 17 has any awareness that Mr. Constantine had as to a larger 18 scheme beyond the three things that we've talked about, which 19 is the money that he got from the Hawaii investment and 20 Centrum and the urban expansion loan. What evidence is there 21 that Mr. Kenner or anybody else told him that there were all these other lines of credit out there and that Mr. Kenner was 22 making all these other investments or doing anything with 23 24 respect to any other money other than what Mr. Constantine was 25 involved in?

2.2

These cases that you're citing are different scenarios whereas someone who's at the top of it was aware, whereas what I'm suggesting to you is there's no evidence that Mr. Constantine was overlooking with Mr. Kenner these lines of credit more broadly and had an understanding of all these other things that Mr. Kenner was doing.

MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, I understand what you're asking and our position is that under the law the Government can't possibly show that each defendant knew of every single movement of the co-defendant. There was a general understanding that they had this -- that they had this scheme together. The lines of credit were established to fund the Hawaii development project. The proceeds stem from Hawaii fraud in which Constantine played the integral role. Each defendant whacked up duties. There are only so many hours in the day. Each one had a role in it. But generally speaking, these two defendants conspired together to defraud victims in the Hawaii development project.

So the fact that Constantine may not have known about the line of credit money per se, but was involved in another aspect, it was certainly foreseeable to him. Their entire scheme was based upon representing the investors that their money would be used to develop the project in Hawaii, to steal money and then diverting it for their own purposes. And that line of credit money was withdrawn and used for both of

their purposes.

The money was commingled in the Luao Four [ph.] account, moved to the Ula Makika account, and then moved to other properties. There's -- the extensive commingling alone makes it impossible for Constantine to assert that he didn't receive any of the line of credit proceeds. So in a case like this, it's a burden that the Government is showing because of his role with Kenner that they designed this scheme together, each one had jobs. There's only so many hours in the day, but at the end of the day he received the benefit of it.

He was aware of the scheme and even if the Government can't possibly prove that he knew every single aspect of what Kenner was doing, he still was aware of the scheme, participated and benefitted from it.

THE COURT: Okay. I disagree. All right. There's no -- and again, I've given the Government multiple opportunities to point to me the evidence that Mr. Constantine was aware of this broader scheme with respect to Hawaii. He was aware of the things that I've cited. There's evidence of that at the trial and that's what I think the jury found him guilty of.

To the extent the Government is arguing that Mr. Constantine was broadly aware of the other -- all these lines of credit and things that Mr. Kenner was doing with respect to the lines of credit, the Government has failed to

30 cite any evidence of that. I'm aware of no evidence of that 1 and I don't believe -- the Government keeps saying, you 2 keep -- you're setting up a straw man. The Government can't 3 possibly have to prove that he knew where every dollar went. 4 I'm not suggesting the Government has to prove where every 5 dollar went. But the Government does have to prove that he 6 7 was aware of the broader scheme and the Government has failed to do that. 8 Okav. So Mr. Talken, if you want to add anything on that. 9 10 MR. TALKEN: I have nothing to add to that. only discussion I'd like to have just very briefly is where 11 12 you started talking about **Honeycutt** and money laundering. 13 remember when we had one of the many oral arguments we've had and that's one of the things you said to me was, I hear you 14 15 about -- you know, we know that <u>Honeycutt</u> applies -- is based 16 in -- is founded in the drug forfeiture statute. You sort of 17 agree with me that you can see how it's heading towards being applied to the fraud statutes, but you said to me, cite me 18 19 some authority as to how it goes to money laundering. 20 And I think that we have that cite in <u>Tanner</u> because it's clear that if they weren't con -- and they even talk 21 22 about, they even said, you know, their hedged their bets a 23 little bit in here and even saying in <u>Tanner</u>, look, it's still 24 unclear how it applies to how money laundering and Honeycutt 25 interact, but it's important that in this money laundering

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    case what the Court of Appeals didn't say is no, it's moot.
1
    We're dealing with the money laundering case here. Honeycutt
2
    doesn't apply. So why are we writing this 15 to 10-page
 3
    opinion.
 4
              THE COURT: I don't think you can read -- read that
 5
    into -- the failure to say that sometimes the circuit just
6
 7
    avoids dealing with an issue they don't have to deal with and
 8
    they basically found because those defendants were involved
    in -- or mast -- I don't know if they used the term
9
    "mastermind," but basically the facts of that case didn't
10
11
    require them to make the conclusion that -- I think it's still
12
    undecided.
13
              MR. TALKEN: I --
14
              THE COURT: I can't read <u>Tanner</u> to say the Second
15
    Circuit has implicitly by -- looking at the evidence more
16
    closely conceded that Honeycutt applies to 920 -- 982(a)(1).
17
    But -- and I just think the language of 982(a)(1) is
18
    different, obviously.
19
              MR. TALKEN: We agree that the language is
20
    different, but the point I had made was really the underlying
21
    concept of why Honeycutt exists is entirely the same.
22
    concept is very simple. You know, making people forfeit what
23
    they didn't gain is inherently unfair and it -- it's really
    not based in the equities. And this is a very -- I agree with
24
25
    Your Honor they don't state that money -- that it applies to
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32
   money laundering, but I also think it's a little above where
1
               I think that they really do enter into an analysis
 2
    of <u>Honeycutt</u> in this money laundering case. And by -- and by
 3
    doing that, they have indicated that it's heading that way and
 4
    I --
 5
              THE COURT: Well, it may -- the other thing is, how
 6
    in viewing the forfeiture issue in this case it relates to the
7
    money judgment. It may moot out some of those issues because
 8
    if I ask the Government to revise the numbers to reflect
 9
    things that Mr. Constantine was personally involved in,
10
    these -- some of these Honeycutt issues would go away.
11
12
              MR. TALKEN: I agree and then that's why I didn't
13
    address them and in your point, you know, I'm abiding by rule
    one because I understand where we are in this. I just wanted
14
15
    to --
16
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
17
              MR. TALKEN: That small issue I just think is
    important to discuss because --
18
                          All right. Well, and I'll --
19
              THE COURT:
20
              MR. TALKEN: -- it may be a fall-back position at --
              THE COURT: All right. And it's preserved.
21
22
    Obviously --
23
              MR. TALKEN: -- at a later time.
                          Obviously you can -- you preserved the
24
              THE COURT:
25
    argument that Honeycutt should apply in the first instance,
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33
   but again, it may be mooted out if -- if, in fact, what I
1
    for -- ask Mr. Constan -- what I require Mr. Constantine to
2
    forfeit in terms of a money judgment or things that he was
 3
   personally involved in. All right.
 4
              MR. TALKEN: And that's all I have to add.
 5
                                                          It's
    just making that portion of the record clear --
6
 7
              THE COURT:
                          All right.
              MR. TALKEN: -- from our side.
 8
 9
              THE COURT:
                         Mr. Kenner, I'll allow you to briefly be
   heard on this issue.
10
              MR. KENNER: Thank you, Your Honor. I just wanted
11
12
    to raise that the Government through Agent Petrolisia [ph.],
13
    3934 of the transcript, did confirm Mr. Constantine was paid
    approximately one million dollars and the back tracing on
14
15
    those funds, none of the money comes from any of the
    individuals in the superseding indictment.
16
17
              And to reiterate the other point was that with
    respect to the monies that did come from superseding
18
19
    indictment individuals that went through Mr. Jowdy as part of
    his loans was 1.315 million. That takes into consideration
20
    the fact that Mr. Peca was one of those individuals who said
21
22
    at trial he was aware of the loans and authorized them.
23
    Mr. Berard also at trial, I think at transcript 3055, also
    said that I had -- he was aware of the loans and I had told
24
25
    him just like he had previously testified six years prior and
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in arbitration.

Under Tanner I just wanted to add, Your Honor, that the one -- the one item that I continue to read into the Honeycutt issues that continue to emerge in the different circuits as well as Tanner is that joint and several forfeiture of a co-conspirators applies only to co-conspirators who never possessed the tainted properties of their crimes. And as far as the Government prosecution of this case and clearly through at least 2017, two years after trial, the Government only alleged that Mr. Constantine and I were co-conspirators. It wasn't until I believe Ms. O'Connor through she was losing her -- some of her forfeiture and/or money judgment nexus that she addressed that she believed Mr. Jowdy was now a co-conspirator in the case years after the case.

In fact, when Probation made their submission on July 18th they referred to Mr. Jowdy as a victim witness in their pleading. And on page 1 actually -- although they preferred to Mr. Jowdy and Mr. Kaiser and Mr. Kaday [ph.] as having given testimony for an obstruction issue with me, at those forfeiture hearings we know that none of those three individuals gave testimony. So I don't know where they got the basis for this, but they continued to -- Probation continues to refer to Mr. Jowdy deep into 2016 as a victim of this case as opposed to playing any other role.

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Mr. Kenner.

35 And lastly, in Nicolo, 597 F.Supp. 2(d), 342 from Second Circuit 2009, they do refer to property traceable to these property acquisition of which is attributable to the money laundering scheme, rather than some money obtained from untainted sources. And again, I just wanted to reiterate to the Court that if you could just refer my partner Joseph Stumple's letter to the Court, ECF 771, where he refers to having paid for 70 percent of Baja Ventures and he refers to our other partner Uri Letnin [ph.] as having paid for the other 30 percent of Baja Ventures. There are zero ill-gotten gains traceable to the Baja Ventures, LLC. The money that goes to Mr. Jowdy from this instant case is the 1.315 million from the five individuals that were in the case that had lines of credit. There are some issues with each one, but as a maximum number that's how much money from the superseding indictment individuals went to Mr. Jowdy. Also from -- I just wanted to make it clear for the Court Mr. Constantine was not involved in the Centrum loan whatsoever. He played no role in that. Mr. Constantine got involved after Centrum was involved in our -- in our company already lending money for the Hanawapo [ph.] deal that Mr. Manfredi had negotiated. THE COURT: All right. All right. Thank you,

So with respect to the forfeiture, what I'm going to ask the Government to do is submit a revised chart to me similar to what you did way back when you did your initial forfeiture brief where you went through each property, the proceeds, and then deducted double-counting to come up with your money judgment. I want you to give me a revised chart. I'm going to go look up some of the issues that we discussed but in order not to have additional delay I want to have all the potential options available to me with -- and obviously the -- it's important that we make sure there's no double-counting.

So for purposes of Mr. Constantine, what the numbers would be if what was included as related to him was the money that he received from Hawaii, which I think was approximately one million dollars, whatever that amount is, the urban expansion money and then the Centrum loan money and, again, I'll get to that issue, Mr. Kenner, that you just raised, but I want to have the numbers available to me, and then any other Eufora money and then the CSF money.

And then for Mr. Kenner I want the same chart but his should obviously be broader; should go: GSF, the lines of credit, the Hawaii investment money, Eufora, Centrum. You know, I think I said the urban expansion thing, but I think for purposes of forfeiture that's not in there. I may have made a mistake on that, right? I don't think that was in the

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37
   Government's chart, right?
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 2
             MS. O'CONNOR: I don't believe so, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: All right. So take -- so
 3
   Mr. Constantine it's Centrum, Eufora, GSF, the money he got
4
   from Hawaii, and that's it.
 5
              And for Mr. Kenner, it's GSF, the lines of credit,
 6
7
    the Hawaii investment money, Eufora and Centrum. That -- you
   understand what I'm asking?
 8
 9
             MS. O'CONNOR: I do.
              THE COURT: And then obviously make sure there's no
10
11
   double-counting and I want to see what those numbers are. All
12
   right. And I don't know how -- it's really just math.
   you get me that in a few days? What -- how long would that
13
    take?
14
15
              MS. O'CONNOR: By next Friday, Your Honor?
              THE COURT: How about a week from today? A week
16
17
   from today? And then I'll give the defendants a week to
   respond to that chart. I don't want any additional argument
18
19
    at this point. I just want the numbers. Okay. I think both
20
    sides have briefed these issues sufficiently for me to make a
   decision. All right. My hope would be that the forfeiture
21
22
   decision will come out shortly thereafter, two weeks from
23
    today.
             All right. Let's move to the -- everybody okay to
24
25
   continue? Do you need a five-minute break or are you okay to
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38
1
   keep going? Everybody is good?
2
              MR. HAGGANS: I -- Your Honor, with the Court's
    indulgence, I did have a 2:30 appearance scheduled in another
3
    matter. So depending on how we could -- we could perhaps take
 4
 5
    a break at that --
              THE COURT: That's good.
 6
 7
              MR. HAGGANS: I think that appearance may be as much
8
    as half an hour, but we may be done by then.
 9
              THE COURT: Who's that before?
              MR. HAGGANS: It's for Magistrate Judge Tomlinson,
10
    Your Honor.
11
12
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
13
              MR. HAGGANS: It's a guilty plea in a different
14
    matter.
              THE COURT: All right. So why don't we see how long
15
16
    this takes. We'll keep going at least till 2:30 and then
17
    we'll see -- and then we'll figure out what to do.
18
              MR. HAGGANS: All right. Thank you, Your Honor.
19
              THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, Mr. Talken. So
20
    again, my hope is not that you go through every last detail of
21
    your submissions but just highlight anything you want to
    highlight with regard to objections. Okay.
22
              MR. TALKEN: Thank you, Judge. I'll -- for that
23
    reason I'm not going to get into the loss amount. I think
24
25
    there's been a lot of --
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39
              THE COURT: Well, actually, I'm glad you raised
1
2
    that, though.
              MR. TALKEN: -- filing and concessions by the
 3
    Government.
 4
              THE COURT: I need to ask the Government because I
 5
   do then want the Government to revise the loss amount for --
6
 7
   because that will be a different number than the forfeiture
 8
    amount. So the loss amount should be revised to reflect that
    as well. Do you understand what I'm saying? For purposes of
 9
10
    the guidelines calculation, I think what's going to end up
    happening is it's going to be the 3.5 and nine-point -- right
11
12
   now it's over 9.5 so I think it's going to go --
13
              MR. TALKEN: Two-point difference.
              THE COURT: Two-point difference. Okay.
14
15
              MR. TALKEN: And I'll just react to that when --
              THE COURT:
16
                          Okay.
17
              MR. TALKEN: -- it happens. That's fine.
    how we'll deal with that.
18
              THE COURT: All right.
19
20
              MR. TALKEN: And I think that's the length of this
21
    discussion.
2.2
              In my letter of September 25th of last year I
23
    concentrated on a few of the enhancements and they're concrete
24
    or discrete enhancements and I just want to talk about those
25
   briefly.
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THE COURT: Okay.

MR. TALKEN: The obstruction of justice found in paragraphs 45 through 48, 57, 66 and 73 of the PSR. It's based on really three levels of conduct alleged by -- three pieces of conduct allegedly committed by Mr. Constantine that rises to the level of obstruction of justice, the first one of which is his discussion during the trial with Mr. Kenner about questions he was going to ask when Kenner testified. That's not obstructive conduct at all. There's no evidence that there was any hint of manipulating the answers, of telling him what he should say, telling him what he shouldn't say.

Nowhere in any of the many filings on this case or during the record Your Honor dealt with this fairly extensively during the trial. There was a long sidebar if not a hearing about this. And nowhere in there is there any allegation that in him -- in Mr. Constantine asking Mr. Kenner what the questions were that there was anything untoward.

Additionally, it was first discussed with his lawyer. He spoke to his trial counsel and let his trial counsel knew he was going to do that and then everything blew up in the courtroom once that Mr. Kenner's counsel brought it to the Court's attention. But that certainly doesn't rise. That's just -- that is perfectly admissible conduct and cannot serve as the basis of an obstruction of justice enhancement.

Similarly, there's the allegation that

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41 Mr. Constantine in pretrial filings through his attorneys made 1 false allegations against the Government mostly talking about how some of the evidence was withheld from him. When he made those allegations through his attorney there was no evidence that he didn't truly believe those allegations. 5 The 6 Government takes issue with them and I understand that they That's not a ridiculous approach to take to it, take issue. 7 but taking issue with it doesn't mean that it's obstructive 8 conduct. You have an individual who honestly believes that 10 the Government is not giving him information that he's 11 required to be given. That's not obstruction of justice. 12 Bringing that to the Court's attention is not obstruction of justice and is actually very chilling that for a defendant to 13 accuse the Government of misconduct is -- will be the basis of 14 15 obstruction of justice enhancement because obviously he has or 16 any defendant has a right to bring that up if they honestly believe that they're not getting what they're entitled to. 17 Mr. Constantine possessed such an honest belief and obviously 18 19 that is not a proper grounds for enhancement for obstruction 20 of justice. And finally and probably the most baffling of the 21 grounds is this -- these emails that were allegedly fabricated 22 23 by Mr. Constantine during the trial. The idea that these emails were fabricated has no founding in fact. There is not 24 25 a single piece of evidence that has been presented to this

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court during the trial or afterwards that these emails were fabricated.

And most importantly, the emails that they're -that they talk about in this -- in the PSR, which is the
information provided by the Government, are talking about
emails that are totally unrelated to the emails at trial that
are alleged to have been fabricated. This individual Rosser
[ph.] didn't even testify about Hawaii. However, in the PSR
they're talking about how Mr. Constantine fabricated Rosser's
emails about Hawaii. It just shows you how convoluted, how
confusing and how unfair some of the record in this case is
against Mr. Constantine.

There -- they are -- they are taking two separate incidents, combining them into one, putting them in front of Probation without any foundation whatsoever and asking this court to base an enhancement to increase the sentencing guidelines on that without a single piece of supporting evidence.

And as I said in my letter, it was real easy.

Government does it all the time. All they had to do was subpoena Google, find out where these emails are and see whether they existed or didn't exist and they didn't do that and there's no evidence that it existed. And, Your Honor, I suggest to you that if they did do that, and it's my understanding that Mr. Constantine during the trial or shortly

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43 thereafter before as counsel was able to -- was offered his 1 password to let the Government do that, there was nothing fabricated. There was no emails fabricated. It was sitting here at the trial table. So I don't see how in the world that has risen --5 could -- has risen to the level of the preponderance of 6 7 evidence to allow that to support an obstruction. So those are the three bases upon that and all three of them didn't 8 9 exist or were unfounded. 10 THE COURT: All right. You want to move to the next enhancement? 11 12 MR. TALKEN: The next one is the offense -- the paragraphs 29, 62 and 120 that the offense involved a 13 misrepresentation during a -- excuse me -- that the offense 14 15 involved a misrepresentation or other fraudulent action during the course of a bankruptcy proceeding. This offense didn't 16 17 have anything to do with a bankruptcy proceeding. And going back to the record Your Honor -- I know it was a long time 18 ago, but you may remember this sentence from the Government 19 20 when you asked them, "Are you alleging any bankruptcy fraud?" and the Government said, "No, we're not." 21 22 This case had nothing to do with it. They made an allegation in order to attack Mr. Constantine's credibility 23 24 and maybe his intent in general. I'm not exactly sure how it 25 was admitted or why it was admitted, but it was without

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    objection that he didn't say --
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              THE COURT:
                         Do you have the cite to the record for
    that?
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              MR. TALKEN: Where he said that?
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              THE COURT:
                          Yeah.
              MR. TALKEN: I do if -- I can find it.
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              THE COURT:
 7
                          Yeah.
              MR. TALKEN: I'll -- I mean, I don't --
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              THE COURT:
                          Send it -- just send it to me.
              MS. O'CONNOR:
                             Sure.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
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              MR. TALKEN: But that was said. And importantly,
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    it -- even if that wasn't said, this case has nothing to do
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    with it.
              That was a small point during a small examination
    that was tangentially relevant to an examination in this case.
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    What it was irrelevant to was the frauds in this case or the
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    facts of this case and that's why there's no way that that
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    enhancement is applicable in this case.
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              You know, also getting into what it said was
    actually fraudulent to the bankruptcy -- during the bankruptcy
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    proceedings whether or not what -- what he said was -- what he
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    actually said and what the Government allegedly said, there
    are several words that are different that make a difference,
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    but I don't think we need to get into the specifics of that as
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    far -- yeah, if Your Honor agrees with me on the first point,
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   you don't need to get to the second point.
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              THE COURT:
                          Why don't you just give me 30 seconds on
    that?
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              MR. TALKEN: Well, the 30 seconds on that is that
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   Mr. Constantine said during the deposition in the bankruptcy
   proceedings that Eufora is worthless. And what he said was,
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    "At this point in time it has no value" --
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              MR. CONSTANTINE: No, opposite.
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              MR. TALKEN:
                           Sorry. One second.
                      [Pause in the proceedings.]
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              I'm sorry. He said that it has value but it wasn't
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             I mean, those are -- you know, it's a very important
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    distinction and even -- even if you take that worst case in
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    the light least favorable to Mr. Constantine it still has
    nothing to do with this case.
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              THE COURT: All right. What's the next enhancement?
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              MR. TALKEN: And the next enhancement is the
    leadership and the role. And it's a difficult -- and Your
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    Honor kind of touched on a lot of these issues when we're
    talking about forfeiture and I understand that mastermind, as
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    they talked about in Honeycutt, is different than the
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    guidelines, role and leadership, but there are two issues that
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    I think are important to this enhancement.
              First of all, one, if it does apply it should be the
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    two points, not the four points because you don't have five or
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46 more participants. And I laid out clearly and Your Honor well 1 knows what the participants are and what they aren't. 2 Participants aren't innocent individuals that are involved in 3 the activity. There has to be some criminal knowledge or some 4 5 knowledge that something was untoward going on by those participants. They don't necessarily have to be guilty of a 6 7 crime, but they have to have some knowledge that a crime is being perpetrated to become a participant at a minimum and 8 there is no evidence that there was that many people involved 9 that had that knowledge, the requisite knowledge of the 10 11 enhancement. 12 I think the more -- the other important aspect is, 13 was he. Even if there were that many people involved, which 14 there weren't, should even get the two-point enhancement for being an organizer leader. It's a 6,000-page record and it's 15 16 hard to parse out. There was many different aspects or 17 tentacles of the fraud and each one had different conduct 18 committed by -- allegedly committed by Mr. Constantine that 19 brought him guilt into that and why the jury found him guilty. 20 As Your Honor noted, importantly some of them he had nothing 21 to do with, so he certainly isn't an organizing leader of 22 that. 23 As to focusing on Global Settlement Fund which is one where that the Government brought out probably the most 24 during the trial, it's a very -- financially it's a small 25

portion of the fraud and the overall fraud in this case that he's being held accountable for. And he had a role -- he had an active role in it and we're not disputing that. He certainly talked to the victims that -- and they testified to that. And he certainly made representations to the victims and they testified about that, although some of the emails we've talked about have brought -- excuse me, the text that we talked about have brought that into question but that's a different issue.

But even accepting all of that conduct, that doesn't rise to the level of organizer or leader. He was an active participant. He was, if you compare it both in this fraud and importantly as the case law requires you can compare it to other frauds of a similar nature. His role was -- was not that of a manager or a leader. And then if you take it -- the overall fraud, the fraud conspiracy he was convicted of, and the overall fraud to apply that enhancement to the fraud conspiracy, he certainly had a -- I would contest that his role was very most squarely in the middle of no enhancement, no reduction applicable because his conduct did not demonstrate all of those classic hallmarks of leadership or organizer, recruitment, control over a lot of the decision-making and so forth.

Now, I think that when you -- we talk about Global Settlement on its own, he certainly rose to a higher and with

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48 more responsibilities, but he did not give rise to the responsibilities of that of an organizer leader. And then when you take that little subset in the big picture, there's no way in the world he was an organizer and leader of the overall fraud. And that's why that enhancement shouldn't be applicable to him. And that's -- those are really basically all the --THE COURT: All right. Thank you. MR. TALKEN: And the only other thing, it's not -you know, there was some discussion about the sophisticated means and all of that and, Your Honor, I understand that the sophisticated means of the threshold, especially the examples that are given in the guidelines application notes are very low as far as what's sophisticated and what's not. But I think that the sophisticated -- as far as what Constantine's involvement in this was that it was -- the sophistication was lacking and it came -- it's very clear from the trial that it was lacking and many of the things that led to his conviction is because it was so unsophisticated and open and obvious. So I don't think that should apply and if Your Honor does apply it, I think we'll talk about this under 3553(a) later on, but some of the quotes have kind of addressed that as almost a -- as almost an automatic tack going based on the guidelines and that the Court should consider that as 3553(a)

as maybe overstating it. It's like an automatic overstate --

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making the face offense level instead of being six almost
making it a seven, in this case making it nine. So that's the
other point, though I think that's probably better fit for
discussion on another day.
          THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Thank you for
being so concise. All right.
          Mr. Kenner, I'm hoping you can be as concise.
ahead.
          MR. KENNER: Yes, sir, Your Honor. First up, I
guess I'll start with --
          THE COURT: Just move the mic a little closer.
          MR. KENNER: Yes, I'm sorry, Your Honor. First I'll
start with leadership. The -- under the Government's -- and I
know Mr. Talken had addressed the PSR issues and I think
there's a number of similarities in there, but I'm just going
to touch on a couple from the Government, the PSR's addendum
to the pre-sentence report which actually gave them a shot at
a reply to one of our first objections. I think they
submitted it July 18, 2016. Under leadership, the real retort
was the fact that they said that the defendants pocketed
millions of dollars from the case -- from the frauds and, you
know, and this may be addressed better under a loss factor.
But when -- with respect to pocketing millions of dollars, the
tracing of the money back to me is the repayment of two subset
loans from Mr. Gaarn and Mr. Constantine of funds that
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originated with people in the superseding indictment. There were no other traceable funds and those total a little bit less than \$280,000.

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So 12 or 13-year alleged macro conspiracy to have Mr. Constantine repay me about 117 grand of loans that I'd given him weeks earlier and Mr. Gaarn about 160-something thousand from superseding indictment victim purchases of Eufora stock. Just doesn't seem like a leadership role the way that they're defending it.

In addition, you know, the guidelines are providing for an upward adjustment with the defendants, the criminal -organizer of criminal activity, of five or fewer, but it's inapplicable where there's only -- where there's only -- the only other participant in the scheme is an equal partner. As Your Honor knows under 3B1.1(c). And in any of these scenarios that I heard the Government describe at trial with respect to myself or Constantine everything appeared to be -that I -- I was managing a project in Hawaii, had investors that were under me as business management clients. And when time came to invest or do other transactions, Mr. Constantine happened to be one of the 17 hard money lenders that were paid by our corporation and the only one the Government deemed to be an illegal payment. Strangely enough, Mr. Constantine was one of only two of the 17 lenders that actually got us some money for what we were looking for.

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51 You know, under U.S. v. Greenfield, 44 F.3d 1141 (2d. Cir. 1995), you know, they mentioned that the defendant must have at least played a significant role in the decision to recruit or supervise lower level participants and there was no recruitment on the record of any other participants. And there's certainly no lower level administrative people in our deal. In fact, with respect to Mr. Constantine's transaction, the million dollars he was paid, although none of it came from the superseding indictment individuals, Mr. Manfredi, who was the chief operating officer in Hawaii, testified at trial at Transcript 3004 that he flew to Arizona to meet specifically with Mr. Constantine before any of the consulting payments were made to Mr. Constantine. So Mr. Manfredi was part of the decision to hire Mr. Constantine because neither of them knew each other when Mr3. Manfredi flew on his own to go visit Mr. Constantine ahead of the consulting payments. As the FBI knows, Mr. Manfredi when he was deposited in -- excuse me, when he gave proffer in October of 2010 five years before trial, Mr. Manfredi also confirmed to the FBI that there were consulting agreements between Hawaii and Mr. Constantine for his payments and his service. Ultimately, I guess it raises another issue that I briefed the Court. I think it's ECF 8073 that Mr. Manfredi confirmed to the FBI

52 five years before trial that there were consulting agreements. 1 Those are the agreements as Your Honor recalls are mentioned 2 in the obstruction of justice issue that Mr. Kaiser said he 3 never signed. They were submitted at trial, I believe, as 4 Government Exhibit 5104. They were the photocopies of two 5 agreements that were recovered from my Hawaii files in my 6 office, which is where I would have expected the copies of 7 those consulting agreements to be. 8 9 As Your Honor may recall, about a year before trial 10 the Government presented those first to the court and said that they -- Mr. Kaiser's name was not forged on the original 11 12 documents but they were near signatures Mr. Kaiser had left on blank documents for me and I had super-imposed those two 13 14 contracts on top of his signature. 15 But perhaps unknown to the Court even through today is that a week before trial Mr. Miskiewicz brought me into 16 17 this building from NBC and showed me the two original copies -- the two original ink signatures that Mr. Kaiser had 18 19 recovered from his own house that he had in custody for ten

On those documents it was clear that Mr. Kaiser's signature was signed over top of the printer paper, which means that it was not super-imposed as the Government had told the Court the year before the trial. But probably more distressing the fact that they used that single document --

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years before trial.

53 those single documents as an obstruction of justice for myself 1 and Mr. Constantine is that at trial Mr. Kaiser only 2 authenticated the photocopy versions during his testimony. 3 And when the Government utilized their signature expert he 4 only confirmed to the court during testimony that he had only 5 6 seen the photocopy versions of those. So the Government had withheld under best evidence rule, Rule 1002, and withheld the 7 original ink versions that the Government recovered from 8 Mr. Kaiser himself a week before trial. 9 10 The reason I raise that, Your Honor, is that the chief operating officer, who had originally met with 11 12 Mr. Constantine to approve the authorization of the consulting 13 agreement with Mr. Constantine, subsequently managed the entire Centrum loan process with our Hawaii lawyers at Carl 14 15 Smith Ball and the subsequent negotiation of the short-term loan with Mr. Jowdy, which is documented in a few of my briefs 16 17 as PK22. And I can get you the Bates stamp number if you like is that Mr. Manfredi did tell the FBI that there were 18 19 consulting agreements with Mr. Constantine, so I'd just ask 20 where those consulting agreements are and if the ones that 21 were presented only as photocopies to the court I now -- are not the authentic consulting agreements Mr. Manfredi was 22 23 referring to at the time. 24 THE COURT: Let me -- I want to -- it's 2:30 so I 25 want to try to get this done. But how do you want to deal

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    with -- I'm going to give Mister -- I'm just going to tell
   Mr. Kenner, I'm going to give you 15 more minutes.
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              MR. KENNER: Yes, sir.
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              THE COURT: Again, this is just to highlight -- I
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   have all your submissions and you're certainly thorough in
   your writings, so don't feel -- this is -- you can cover
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    whatever you want, but I'm only going to give you 15 minutes.
    Okay.
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              But do you want me to call Magistrate Judge
    Tomlinson or do you want to take a break from here and come
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   back?
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              MR. HAGGANS: I think my reply to arguments that are
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    made will be brief and if that's the last issue the Court
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    wishes to address today --
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              THE COURT: Yeah.
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              MR. HAGGANS: -- I would think -- I would hope we
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    would be done by 3 o'clock and if the Court would make that
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    call --
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
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              MR. HAGGANS: -- I would be most grateful.
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              THE COURT: All right. Okay. Go ahead, Mr. Kenner.
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    You've got 15 minutes.
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              MR. KENNER: All right. Thank you, Your Honor. So
    we've got -- as far as leadership goes, you know, Mister --
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25
    excuse me. Under <u>U.S. v. Greenfield</u>, which I quoted the
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55 citation earlier, the -- there was no recruitment or 1 supervision of lower-level participants that are on the record 2 having worked for me or been recruited by me. And at best on 3 the record it showed that any connection to the case 4 Mr. Constantine and I shared, you know -- handled our 5 individual roles in whatever deemed fraud there was in the 6 case. Even in U.S. v. Greenfield, they referred to U.S. v. 7 Katora, K-A-T-O-R-A, 981 F.2d 1398, 1992 in the Third Circuit, 8 where they -- they refer to it as offense level was improperly 9 increased in Katora under the sentencing guidelines on the 10 grounds that the defendants were organizers. But the 11 defendants were the only participants in the offense and 12 13 shared equal responsibility and were organizers only in the sense that they were planners of the offense. And the 14 district court could not enhance sentences of the duo when 15 they bore equal responsibility for organizing their own 16 commission of the crime, even though they also organized non-17 culpable office staff or outsiders to the fraud, and in our --18 19 and in the instant case there were no other organized non-20 culpable office staff or anyone who worked for us. Under -- to finish on that, I also did reference --21 22 and I'd just refer Your Honor to my pro se submission of ECF 642 to address the last of the Government's objections. 23 in -- in Rajraj Rotnum [ph.] at Page 17 in my submission, you 24 25 know, it also claim -- it also quotes from the Second Circuit

56 the factors the court should consider include the claimed 1 right to a larger fruit of the crime. And as the record 2 shows, there's effectively no fruit of the crime that ends up 3 in my proceeds, in my possession as ill-gotten gains 4 notwithstanding the Court's view of Mr. Constantine repaying 5 me the \$117,000 and Mr. Gaarn repaying me about \$160,000 from 6 7 the loans he testified to the court that were part of the case. 8 9 With respect to loss factor, Your Honor, you know, I've briefed it very thoroughly and I've -- and I've referred 10 quite often in those briefings to Second Circuit cases <a>Ebers 11 12 [ph.] to the Second Circuit case Novak, Leonard. 13 those cases require the court for loss factor to separate the 14 fraud and the non-fraud factors in the case where they effectively suggest that even in one of the cases where -- in 15 McCallum, which is a Western District here in the Second 16 17 Circuit, an individual actually went out and recruited --18 solicited \$600,000 for an investment with the knowledge ahead 19 of time that he was going to steal \$200,000 and buy a house for his in-laws. And the court held that McCallum, the 20 21 defendant, was solely responsible for the \$200,000, not the 22 \$400,000 that went into the actual investment. The Government has during their forfeiture memo had 23 suggested that the -- excuse me -- quoted all Ponzi scheme 24

cases and cases where the entire case, the entire transactions

57 were based on nothing but a fraud where people were soliciting 1 money to buy stock and they never bought stock. 2 And that is just not the case in any of these 3 transactions. There's been litigation for years over the 4 5 Eufora Corporation. In fact, when we hired Rudy Giuliani's investigation group his group after -- after their due 6 diligence decided they wanted a six percent equity stake in 7 Eufora and this was after they had vetted all of Mr. Gaarn and 8 Mr. Constantine's stock that was raised and I reference that 9 in my reply memo to the -- to the court. 10 The Hawaii project we effectively were able to --11 12 through our transactions between myself, Mr. Kaiser and 13 Mr. Manfredi as the management team were able to secure 105 14 million-dollar loan from Lehman Brothers a year after we walked away from their five million-dollar loan. So it was a 15 16 much different transaction we walked away from and Mr. Manfredi had documented to the Court as an egregious loan 17 that we would have lost the entire property to Lehman 18 19 Brothers. And lastly, under the loss factor under the Global 20 21 Settlement, I think Your Honor at ECF 501, Page 60, had referenced that Mr. Constantine had overspent based on the 22 most aggressive estimates, \$17,000 of the Global Settlement 23 Fund that he solely curated and managed according to 24

Mr. Peca's testimony at trial and Mr. Richards -- Attorney

58 Richards' testimony at trial and Tyson Nash's testimony in a 1 separate proceeding pretrial that was in the 3500 material. 2 The loss factor I would just encourage Your Honor to 3 take a look at my most recent submission on that to utilize 4 5 both the star, the <u>Schelaff</u> [ph.], the <u>Novak</u>, the <u>Leonard</u> and the Ebers factors with respect to separating fraud and non-6 7 fraud factors, understanding what the individuals receive that they bargain for. 8 And if I could just suggest that in the Eufora 9 transaction at the exact contemporaneous time that 10 Mr. Constantine and Mr. Gaarn had sold their stock 11 Mr. Constantine and Eufora had secured a three million-dollar 12 13 operations loan for the corporation. And after their six 14 months of third-party independent valuation on the corporation had a 20 million-dollar value on the company. So even under 15 16 the most egregious and aggressive calculations under Novak and 17 the Novak ruling, you would see that approximately 3.38 percent of the value the individuals bargained for is what 18 19 they effectively lost out of the \$700,000 of stock that was 20 purchased by individuals in the superseding indictment, 21 whether it be from Mr. Constantine or Mr. Gaarn. 22 With respect to sophisticated means, Your Honor, I 23 know that -- and I would agree with Mr. Talken that, you know, it's -- it's an incredible -- it's a very diverse case with a 24

number of different issues that took place over a significant

period of time. But PSR and the Government have effectively 1 2 relied heavily on the fact that they suggested for 3 sophisticated means that it was the cover-up that we had used by allegedly forging Mr. Kaiser's name on two documents. 4 And as I briefed again at ECF 783 and have just referenced to the 5 6 Court a few minutes ago, you know, the Government I think pulled a fast one on the -- on the court and the jury by not 7 submitting the original link version to their expert and 8 letting the expert know that those original ink versions were 9 10 custody-ed [ph.] at Mr. Kaiser's house for ten years which 11 just boggles my mind at how he could hold the original ink 12 signatures at his house for ten years, that they were somehow 13 forged. I mean, in one of the law journals I just recently 14 15 read it said that a prosecutor would have to think that this piece of evidence is so exculpatory in nature that it actually 16 17 undermines my belief that a guilty verdict would be worthy of confidence. Once I turned over this evidence I can assume my 18 19 zealous efforts to obtain a guilty verdict that I have just 20 concluded will not be worthy of confidence. And it's from the 21 book Fallen Super Heroes and Constitutional Mirages, Brady v. 22 Maryland. You know, it just reminded me of what the Government had done with the non-submission of the ink 23 versions. 24

They do have the actual ink versions in their

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60 documentation that I saw after trial as GX7004 and GX7005, but they consciously avoided submitting that both to the court, admitting it through their expert, admitting it to Mr. Kaiser and certainly not letting their expert know that Mr. Kaiser was in possession creating real issues. THE COURT: You have like five minutes left and I want to make sure -- I don't know what else you want to cover. I want to make sure you have time for the obstruction of justice enhancements, so maybe you should move to that just to make sure you cover it. MR. KENNER: Yes, sir. Thank you. I will move exactly there. Under obstruction of justice 3C1.1, I'd just like to, you know, again ask the Court to refer to my ECF 642 submission and just remind the Court that in 2006 I was the whistleblower on the Jowdy crimes to all of my investors. I was the first person to proffer to the FBI in 2009 when they contact -- finally contacted me and the investors about the Jowdy crimes. I was the one who volunteered for grand jury testimony in 2009. The Government cancelled it in spite of calling me a liar for that during trial at Transcript 5064 and 65 and also again a liar at 5051 saying that there were no such subpoena and cancellation of subpoena documents, even though they came right out of Mr. Miskiewicz's own office in the Eastern District.

You know, I was the one who organized the FBI interviews for all the Hawaii line of credit and Mexico investors within three months of their line of credit seizures which a couple guys testified at trial that they were unaware of even though the empirical evidence shows that they were communicating with me on the exact days that the seizure took place and they were communicating directly with Northern Trust Bank.

But I set up the phone calls six days after my proffer to the FBI on June 24 of '09 and I set it up for Mr. Sydor, Peca, Berard, McKee, Norstrom and Stevenson. Five of those guys were line of credit holders. So there could have been no better time for the FBI to interview each of them if they were truly upset about the line of credits being seized and having no knowledge of them or the use of them despite the dozens of documents they signed annually that I've submitted to the court to show that it was not just improbable but impossible for them not to be aware of their annual use of those funds.

But it was a -- it was Mr. Galliado [ph.] who cancelled all those -- all of those interviews. Probably at the most apropos time to have an interview contemporaneous with the seizure of those -- of that collateral. You know, the Government suggested that I had obstructed justice by continuing to forward evidence and documents to my investors

for subsequent litigation they were filing in Mexico against Mr. Jowdy. The irony is the guys that received those documents were the same ones that were simultaneously or contemporaneously suing Mr. Jowdy in Delaware on a books and records matter and I was helping them proceed in Mexico on a Mexican matter through contacts that I had established before they had arrested me. But I was in possession of all the evidence as the Government turned over to me so that was my participation in assisting my investors get the money.

You know, throughout trial the Government has made five summation statements including in addition to an opening remarks statement that I had stolen the money and bought my equity in Mexico with that. At post-trial we found out that none of that was true, that I didn't steal any of the Hawaiian money and none of it was used to buy my properties in Mexico. None of it whatsoever. And that's what the -- the lawsuits were that the individuals were filing in Mexico at that time.

I also delivered the Home Depot tape that I had made of my conversation with Mr. Constantine immediately to Rudy Giuliani investigation team the day after I received it and it's specifically referring to himself as both the bank robber and the get-away driver, never referencing me. You know, even Constantine's attorneys through the 30 minutes of ramblings, you know, said that they failed to understand his references in those when Mr. Luroso [ph.] spoke at Transcript 4425 and

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    And during Luroso's in effect of counsel reply it refers
to an ECF 729 at Page 14 Constantine's references to half-
truths throughout the entire representation of the statements.
          So, you know, anything that the Home Depot
conversation was there was no problem with that ever coming
into the trial. I think we're the ones who introduced it into
the trial because it was a -- it was just a verbal vomit of
the typical Constantine language that Mr. Stolper [ph.] and
Mr. Giuliani's team had become accustomed to and so had we as
investors or associates with the Hawaii -- excuse me, the
Eufora project.
          Lastly --
          THE COURT: You have less than one minute.
         MR. KENNER: -- under use of trust if I can have one
minute, Your Honor --
          THE COURT: Yeah.
          MR. KENNER: -- it's just that the Government only
claimed that -- has claimed that at ECF 471 at 9 that I was a
financial advisor that they put on the FINRA representative.
I forget what the gentleman's name is. Maybe Mr. Nealy [ph.].
At Transcript 2481 he actually says that my FINRA registration
which was never used by me in my entire business career, by
the way, terminated on November 5th of 2004. That's when the
FINRA approval ended. The first transaction related to
somebody in the superseding indictment isn't till months and
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months later.

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So I was not a FINRA representative. I didn't ever accept the FINRA duty of care standard in this and that's where they suggested the abuse of trust is because I was a financial advisor, which I have never been a financial advisor. I've been a marketing rep and a business manager through my entire career and I know it parses words, but they're very important words at that point. But I was never held under FINRA standards. And if Your Honor reviews my standard advisor agreements that any of my investors were under at the time in 2003 and beyond, there is no standard of care that references an abuse of trust that the Government can point to throughout the entire case.

And even with -- lastly, even with the limited power of attorney that I had, Your Honor, there's evidence on the record and there's evidence in the Government's Rule 16 production that I never had the ability to transfer funds without the client's double independent verbal authorization with their actual FINRA agent and their custodian of record. And that's at ECF 668, Appendix at 124. It's at also at 258, 260 with Government Exhibit 760 when Mr. Nash testified to it and also through Mr. Ranford at 347 and 48 in that same appendix.

You know, I had no Eufora control at any point in time, Your Honor. I had no GSF control at any point in time

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    as testified by Attorney Richards at 3805 to 3816. Mr. Peca
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    testified to the same at Transcript 540 and Mr. Nash, as I
   previously said, had testified pretrial in 3500 material TN-3
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    at Page 12. And there was not a single unauthorized Hawaiian
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    transaction that Your Honor will find. If Your Honor refused
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    the operating agreement that I was held to in Hawaii as the
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    managing partner that we had admitted as Kenner Exhibit 217 at
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    Transcript 4525, those are the -- those are the documents I
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    was legally bound to operate within. And at all times,
    whether it be the Constantine transaction for consultancy or
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    the 16 other consultants we hired or the loans to Mr. Jowdy or
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    the other entities that had received short-term loans that
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    were all repaid, they all operated inside those agreements and
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    that's what the Government had referred to in probation and
    referred to as abuse of trust.
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              THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Kenner.
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              MR. KENNER: I'm sorry, Your Honor, for going over a
    few minutes.
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              THE COURT: No, that's okay. You had a lot to cover
    and obviously, as I said, I have your -- your written
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21
    submissions as well. All right.
22
              Mr. Haggans, do you want to respond?
              MR. HAGGANS: Thank you, Your Honor. Government
23
   believes it's addressed all of the points raised in the course
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25
    of both arguments in its prior submission ECF number 471 back
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in May of 2017. And so I'll only highlight a couple of points for the Court's consideration.

First, on the obstruction objections made by both defendants, with respect to Mr. Constantine, counsel did not address some of the other examples that the Government cited in its brief. In particular, some sworn statements submitted by Mr. Constantine that were directly contradicted by trial testimony of other witnesses.

I'd also note, although it did not exist at the time, the Court can and should consider the submissions in the course of the Rule 33 in effect of assistance of counsel allegations. As the Government pointed out in its opposition to the defendant's briefs on those points, he made a number of allegations in a sworn statement to the court about the nature of his relationship and communications with counsel that counsel's response more than adequately refuted, demonstrated were not accurate.

With respect to Mr. Kenner's obstruction objection as the Court will remembers Mr. Kenner testified at trial on numerous points and the jury's verdict is in direct refutation of his testimony.

Turning to the leadership enhancement, both defendants focus on the word "leadership" but tend not to focus on the words "organizer" or "manager," either of which would qualify for these enhancements.

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With respect to Mr. Constantine, it sounds like the parties agree that it's at least the two-point enhancement, so the only issue is whether it's a four-point enhancement or not. The Government cited in its brief a number of cases including a Second Circuit case as recent as 2016 for the proposition that the leadership need not be of an entirely criminal group of persons. It can involve non-criminal persons so long as they're involved in and necessary for the execution of the scheme. And the Government cited in its earlier filing the long list of people that both defendants have to involve to execute the schemes that were proven at trial.

Turning to Mr. Constantine's specific objection to the bankruptcy enhancement -- excuse me, the enhancement relating to a misrepresentation in the course of a bankruptcy proceeding, the nexus of that as outlined in our brief was that it related to the ownership of Eufora. Ownership of Eufora was clearly a disputed issue at trial. It was one of the vehicles of the fraud and the jury's verdict demonstrates that the multiple representations that Mr. Constantine made about its value and about its ownership, including in the course of that bankruptcy proceeding, should not be credited.

Turning to sophistication, I think the trial record on its face makes clear that the means of the frauds were sophisticated and involved numerous wire transfers by numerous

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68 banks amongst numerous investment vehicles including investments in multiple states and overseas. This was a sophisticated scheme. Finally, and only because I feel like I must respond to it, Mr. Kenner's objection to the abuse of trust enhancement on the theory that because he was not a FINRA registered advisor he did not owe -- he did not occupy a position of trust with respect to his clients. Every individual owes to others the duty not to commit crimes against them and Mr. Kenner was clearly an advisor of these individuals of these victims. He was a custodian of their funds. He invested funds on their behalf. He gave them investment advice. He had their trust. abused it. The enhancement is warranted. Other than that the Government rests on its papers, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. So what I'd like to do just to set two dates. date would be I -- I'm going to place my rulings on the record with respect to these various objections and resolve the guidelines calculation in advance of the sentencing date. Mr. Constantine, you can appear by phone for that because I'm just going to be putting on the record my rulings. There's no going to be any argument or discussion. Okay? Thank you, Your Honor. MR. CONSTANTINE: THE COURT: Mr. Talken, I'd prefer having you here,

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   but for some reason you can't make it, but I'd prefer to have
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   you here just in case something else comes up, okay? And
   Mr. Kenner will be here in person.
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              So -- and then the second date would be the actual
    sentencing date and I know the Government mentioned that there
 5
    may be some victims who may be from out of town who want to
 6
 7
    come, so I want to give them sufficient notice to do that.
              MR. HAGGANS: Yes, Your Honor.
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 9
              THE COURT: And obviously the forfeiture decision
    will come out in the interim. So just give me one second.
11
              Do you have the calendar, Jim?
12
              THE CLERK:
                         Yes.
              THE COURT: Yeah, so I'm looking at like March 3rd,
13
14
    4th or 5th for the actual sentencing date. Is that week okay
15
    for the Government now?
              MR. HAGGANS: I'm tentatively scheduled to be out of
16
    the country that week, Your Honor. I don't know -- that's
17
    a -- I should specify that's a business trip, not a personal
18
19
    trip. I don't know if my colleague, Ms. Komatireddy, is also
    scheduled to be busy that day, but I think the next week would
20
21
    work for the Government.
2.2
              THE COURT: March 10th?
23
              MR. HAGGANS: It's fine. That's fine for the
    Government, Your Honor.
24
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              THE COURT: Wait. Hold on one second.
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                      [Pause in the proceedings.]
              Is that okay with -- well --
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              MR. TALKEN: If it has -- I'd prefer the 11th but
 3
4
    the 10th --
 5
              THE COURT: Okay. No, 11th is good.
              MR. TALKEN: -- has to be for the Government.
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 7
              THE COURT: So let's say Mr. Kenner, 10:30 on
    March 11th; Mr. Constantine at 11:30. And I want that -- I
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9
    want that to be a firm date, okay? Make sure -- because we
   have people making -- buying plane tickets and things like
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11
    that, if there are any issues that come up between then we
12
    have to make sure they're resolved prior to that date, okay?
    Obviously this case is an old case. We need to move forward,
13
14
    all right? And then let me just get a date for -- I think
15
    what I'll do is -- just give me one second.
16
              So the Government is going to get me that chart by
    the 29th. Defendants can respond to that chart by
17
    February 5th. So how about February 13th for this conference?
18
19
   No good?
20
              MR. TALKEN: No, I'm here -- I think I'm in front of
21
    you at 10:30 on that day, so I guess we both need to miss that
22
    time.
23
              THE COURT:
                          Yeah.
24
              MR. TALKEN:
                           Florez.
25
              THE COURT:
                          Yeah.
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              MR. TALKEN: So --
              THE COURT:
                          So why don't we say 1:30?
 2
              MR. TALKEN: Yes.
 3
              THE COURT:
                          Is that okay with the Government?
 4
              MR. HAGGANS: Yes, Your Honor.
 5
              THE COURT:
                          So 1:30 on that date. I'll make my
 6
7
    rulings on the objections and have the guidelines calculation
    completed and obviously if there any forfeiture issues at that
 8
 9
   point. My expectation will be the decision will be issued by
10
    that date. So if there are any follow-up issues, we can
11
    address them as well.
12
              All right. You got those dates, Mr. Kenner?
              MR. KENNER: Yes, Your Honor.
13
14
              THE COURT: All right. The other thing is, I just
15
    want to note that I know in your letter you mentioned this
    issue regarding -- Ms. Komatireddy is not here, but I know she
16
17
    had said she was going to propose a path forward with respect
18
    to just memorializing this discovery issue. So I'm -- have
19
    you talked to her about that, Mr. Haggans? I don't know --
20
              MR. HAGGANS: I only had an opportunity to speak
21
    with her briefly. Could I ask the Court if we could have
22
    until the same date as the defense reply --
23
              THE COURT:
                          Sure.
             MR. HAGGANS: -- for the Government to file that?
24
25
              THE COURT: Yeah. Have you had conversations about
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    that with her maybe? I don't know.
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              MR. TALKEN: I've -- you know, I FedEx'd her the --
    I reproduced them; actually was able to do it myself, so I
3
4
   didn't need funding for that, so --
 5
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
              MR. TALKEN: -- I reproduced them, Fed-Ex'd them
 6
7
    over.
              THE COURT: You haven't heard back?
 8
 9
              MR. TALKEN: No, but that's not -- that's not
10
    surprising based on --
11
              THE COURT:
                          Okay. All right.
              MR. TALKEN: -- the volume of the materials.
12
13
              THE COURT:
                         All right. So yeah, if we could just
14
    get that letter. All right.
              MS. O'CONNOR: Your Honor, we just wanted to clarify
15
16
    something with regard to the charts. You mentioned that you'd
17
    like us to address the Global Settlement Fund, the Hawaii
    investment funds, the line of credit to Eufora and Centrum
18
19
    loan money. But Your Honor did mention the other properties
    involving the chart, Freylies, the three Palms units and Del
20
21
    Mar.
22
              THE COURT: Yeah, I want those taken out of -- taken
23
    out.
24
              MS. O'CONNOR: It's the Government's understanding
    that defendant Constantine conceded his involvement in the
25
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1
   Palms fraud. It was he objected to their Freylies, Del Mar
   and the line of credit investment monies.
 2
              THE COURT: You could put in that letter where he
 3
   conceded his involvement in the Palms fraud. I'll look at it
4
 5
   again, but just give me the chart the way I asked, but if
   you -- I'll let you address that limited issue. Want to point
 6
   me in the record where he conceded, which fraud? The --
 7
              MS. O'CONNOR: Palms.
 8
 9
              THE COURT: All --
              MS. O'CONNOR: The three Palms.
10
              THE COURT: All three Palms?
11
12
              MS. O'CONNOR: I believe so, Your Honor.
13
              THE COURT: All right. I'll look at it. All right.
14
   All right. Thank you. Have a good day. Your Honor, before
15
   we go just very quick --
16
              THE COURT: Yeah.
17
              MR. TALKEN: -- very briefly. This -- the one issue
18
    that's outstanding is this -- the trust issue. Trust still
19
   hasn't -- the money still is -- has not been released. I've
   been back and forth. The financial advisor has advised me
20
21
    that he needs an order from this Court saying that should the
    trustee that's been appointed, the special trustee be
22
23
    appointed, that they are ordered to inform the Court that that
    trustee is no longer in existence.
24
25
              The reason for that is the way the original trust is
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    set up Mr. Constantine has the authority to hire and fire this
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    special trustee, which obviously doesn't address the concerns
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 3
    of the Court and the Government. This will take care of that
    concern, but I just want Your Honor to know I'm going to give
 4
   you a letter on that. I just want you to know where that's
5
 6
    coming from.
              THE COURT: All right. Yeah, and if you could
 7
    direct the language of the proposed order that would be
8
9
   helpful, all right?
10
              MR. TALKEN: Will do, thank you.
11
              THE COURT:
                          All right. Thank you. Have a good day.
12
              ATTORNEYS:
                          Thank you, Your Honor.
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    (Proceeding concluded at 3:01 p.m.)
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              I certify that the foregoing is a court transcript
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    from an electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the
2
    above-entitled matter.
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                               Ruth Ann Hager, C.E.T.**D-641
    Dated: January 23, 2020
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